## Exam: Representations of finite groups (WISB324)

Wednesday June 29, 9.00-12.00 h.

- You are allowed to bring one piece of A4-paper, wich may contain formulas, theorems or whatever you want (written/printed on both sides of the paper).
- All exercise parts having a number (·) are worth 1 point, except for 1(f), 1(h), 2(e), 3(b) and 3(f) which are worth 2 points. Exercise 1(i) is a bonus exercise, which is worth 2 points.
- Do not only give answers, but also prove statements, for instance by referring to a theorem in the book.

Good luck.

- 1. Let G be a non-commutative group of order 8.
  - (a) Show that there is no element of order 8.
  - (b) Show that there are elements of G that have order 4.

(c) Show that G has exactly 5 conjugacy classes and determine the degrees of the irreducible representations of G.

Now let  $G = Q = \{\pm 1, \pm i, \pm j, \pm k\}$  be the Quaternion group, satisfying the relations

$$i^2 = j^2 = k^2 = -1$$
,  $ij = -ji = k$ ,  $jk = -kj = i$ ,  $ki = -ik = j$ .

(d) Determine all conjugacy classes of Q.

- (e) Show that  $\langle i \rangle$  (the group generated by i) is a normal subgroup of Q.
- (f) Calculate the character table of Q.
- (g) Determine the character of the regular representation of Q.
- (h) Determine all normal subgroups of Q.

(i) (Bonus exercise) Find explicitly the matrices in  $GL(n, \mathbb{C})$  for all elements of the irreducible representation of Q for which n is maximal.

2. Let  $\mathbb{F} = \mathbb{C}$  and let G be a group.

(a) Let  $x \in G$ , show that  $C_x = \sum_{g \in x^G} g$  is in the center  $Z(\mathbb{C}G)$  of the group algebra  $\mathbb{C}G$ .

(b) Show that  $C_x = C_y$  if and only if  $y \in x^G$ .

(c) Let G have k conjugacy classes and let  $x_1, x_2, \ldots, x_k$  be representatives of these different conjugacy classes. Show that  $C_{x_1}, C_{x_2}, \cdots, C_{x_k}$  are linearly independent. (d) Let  $\chi_1, \chi_2, \ldots, \chi_\ell$  be the collection of all irreducible characters of G, prove that  $D_i = \sum_{g \in G} \chi_i(g^{-1})g$  is in  $Z(\mathbb{C}G)$ .

(e) Prove that

$$\operatorname{span}(C_{x_1}, C_{x_2}, \dots, C_{x_k}) = \operatorname{span}(D_1, D_2, \dots, D_\ell).$$

(f) Prove that the elements  $D_i$  are also linearly independent.

- 3. Let  $H \leq G$  and let  $\chi$  be a character of H.
  - (a) Prove that  $\chi \uparrow G(1) = [G:H]\chi(1)$ .
  - (b) Which irreducible character of the Quaternion group Q of exercise 1 is induced
  - by a character of one of its subgroups?
  - (c) Let H be in the center Z(G) of G, prove that

$$\chi \uparrow G(g) = \begin{cases} [G:H]\chi(g) & \text{if } g \in H, \\ 0 & \text{if } g \notin H. \end{cases}$$

From now on let  $G = D_{4n} = \langle a, b | a^{2n} = b^2 = 1, ab = ba^{-1} \rangle$ . (d) Determine the center  $Z(D_{4n})$  of  $D_{4n}$ .

(e) Let  $n \ge 2$ ,  $H = Z(D_{4n})$  and  $\chi$  be the non-trivial irreducible character of H, determine the values of  $\chi \uparrow G(g)$  for  $g \in D_{4n}$ .

(f) The irreducible characters of  $D_{4n}$  ( $n \ge 2$ ) have the following values on 1 and  $a^n$ :

- $(\psi(1), \psi(a^n)) = (1, 1),$
- $(\psi(1), \psi(a^n)) = (1, -1),$
- $(\psi(1), \psi(a^n)) = (2, 2),$
- $(\psi(1), \psi(a^n)) = (2, -2).$

Determine in all 4 cases the multiplicity of  $\psi$  in  $\chi \uparrow G$ .